

KV AFS BAGDOGRA
WINTER BREAK HOLIDAY HOMEWORK
CLASS VI

शीतकालीन गृह कार्यम् , 2019 - 2020

विषयः - संस्कृतम् कक्षा - षष्ठी (6th)

खण्डः (क) अपठितावबोधनम्

(1) निम्नलिखितम् अनुच्छेदं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत - ।

खण्डः (ख) पठितावबोधनम्

(2) उचितकथनानां समक्षं " आम् " अनुचितकथनानां समक्षं " न " इति लिखत -

(3) श्लोकांशान् योजयत-

(4) प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -

(5) प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -

(6) प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -

(7) श्लोकांशान् योजयत

खण्डः - (ग) रचनात्मकलेखनम्

(8) अधोलिखितानि पदानि आधृत्य सार्थकानि वाक्यानि रचयत -

(9) मञ्जूषायाः सहायतया अधोदत्तम् प्रत्येकम् अनुच्छेदं पूरयत -

खण्डः (घ) अनुप्रयुक्त व्याकरणम्

(10) मञ्जूषातः समानार्थकानि पदानि चित्वा लिखत -

(11) कोष्ठकेषु प्रदत्तशब्देषु उपयुक्तविभक्तिं योजयित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

(12) मञ्जूषातः विलोमपदानि चित्वा लिखत -

(13) अधोलिखितानि पदानि आधृत्य सार्थकानि वाक्यानि रचयत -

(14) कोष्ठकात् उचितं शब्दं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

SUB: SST

Very Short Answer Type Question (1X19=19)

Q.1 Officials collected ----- from the area under

the direct control of the ruler.

Q.2 The Mauryan rulers tried to control _____ and _____ which were important _____ for transport.

Q.3 Ring wells were used for:

(A). bathing (B). washing clothes (C). Irrigation (D). drainage

Q.4 _____ was a word used for large landowners in Tamil.

Q.5 Punch marked coins were made of:

(a) Silver (b) Gold (c) Tin (d) ivory

Q.6 The gramabhojaka often got his land cultivated by the _____

Q.7 Ploughmen were known as _____ in Tamil.

Q.8 Mathura was an important:

(a) village (b) Port (c) religious centre (d) forested area

Q.9 Shrenis were associations of:

(A). rulers (B). crafts persons (C). Farmers (D). herders

Q.10 The mountains differ from the hills in terms of

(A) elevation (B) slope (C) aspect

Q.11 Hindu Succession Amendment Act Passed in

(a) 2014 (b) 2004 (c) 2005 (d) 2019

Q.12 Glaciers are found in

(A) the mountains (B) the plains (C) the plateaus

Q.13 The Deccan Plateau is located in

(i) Kenya (ii) Australia (iii) India

Q. 14 An important mountain range of Europe is

(A) the Andes (B) the Alps (C) the Rockies

Q. 15 _____ areas are rich in mineral deposits.

Q.16 World longest mountain range is.....

(i) The Andes (ii) the Himalayas (iii) the Urals

Q.17 The mountain range that separates Europe from Asia is

(A) the Andes (B) the Himalayas (C) the Urals

Q.18 The major constituent of atmosphere by per cent is

(A) Nitrogen (B) Oxygen (C) Carbon dioxide

Q19 Khasra record maintain by.....

Short Answer Type Question (3 Marks) (3X14=42)

Q.20 Why do you think ordinary people were attracted to Bhakti?

Q.21 What are the major landforms?

- Q.22 Describe the functions of the Gramabhojaka. Why do you think he was powerful?
- Q.23 What were the main features of Bhakti?
- Q.24 What is the difference between a mountain and a plateau?
- Q.25 Why did kings want to control the Silk Route?
- Q.26 What are the different types of mountains?
- Q. 27 Discuss the reasons why the Chinese pilgrims came to India.?
- Q.28 Why are the river plains thickly populated?
- Q. 29 Why is the Northern Hemisphere called the Land Hemisphere?
- Q.30 Why is the Northern Hemisphere called the Land Hemisphere?
- Q.31 What are the four major domains of the earth?
- Q.32 Name the different layers of atmosphere.
- Q.33 Why Was mohan and Raghu fight with Each other ?

Long Answer Type Question (5 marks) (5X4=20)

- Q.34 What were the means adopted by Ashoka to spread the message of Dhamma
- Q.35 What were the problems that Ashoka wanted to solve by introducing DHAMMA
- Q.36 How do women benefit under the new law
- Q.37 What is the work of the PATWARI ?

Mapping Question

- Q. 38 (A) Locate following on India Map (3+3=6)

PATALIPUTRA	Girnar	Maski
KALINGA	Sanchi	Lumbni
SARNATH	Topra	Kandhar

- Q.38 (B). locate following on World map

(i) AUSTRALLIA	Europe
(ii) ISTHMUS OF PANAMA	Mount Everest
(iii) AFRICA	South America

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KENDRIYA VIDALAYA SANGATHAN AIRFORCE, BAGDOGRA HOME ASSIGNMENTS (PRACTICE SET)	CLASS VI / ENGLISH
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(A) READ THE FOLLOWING PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTION:

Illiteracy is the greatest problem of India. A country cannot prosper if its people are illiterate. So primary education should be made compulsory. Students in primary schools drop out in large numbers. Some of them help their parents in the fields. Others work in small shops and earn money. Moreover, there are villages where population is very small. There is no school in such villages. There is no easy communication system in these villages. So, students cannot attend schools in other villages. To make in these villages. So, students cannot attend schools in other villages. To make primary education compulsory, every village must have a school. Appointment of child labour must be banned.

★ Now Read the following question and and answer it:

[I] What is the greatest problem of India?

[ii] When does a country prosper?

[iii] Why should primary education be made compulsory?

[iv] What are the evils of child labour?

★ Fill in the blanks with the information in the text.

CAUSE	EFFECT
(a) The people of the country are illiterate.	(i) _____.
(b) _____	(ii) Students dropout at primary stage of education.
© Some population in villages	(iii) _____.
(d) _____.	(iv) Attendance in school will improve.
(e) To make primary education compulsory.	(v) _____.

★ Give the opposite words of the following:

(a) Literate ---> _____; (b) Primary---> _____.

© Compulsory ---> _____; (d) Banned ---> _____.

★ Suggest a suitable title for the text.

★ How do you classify the text? Tick the correct alternative.

(i) A story; (ii) An Autobiography; (iii) A Report.

(B) READ THE FOLLOWING PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTION:

The giraffe is the tallest of all living land animals. A male can go upto 18 feet and a female upto 15feet. Such height enables them to escape the competition for ground level grass that exists among other leaf-eaters. It also gives him a long range of vision. He takes the warning of the approaching enemy early.

Giraffes eat a variety of leaves, but acacia leaves are their favorite diet. In spring when many trees are not in leaf, they spent 80 percent of the day eating. In summer, when trees are in full leaf, they need only 15 percent. The rest of the time is spent in resting and quarrelling.

A giraffe long neck is made up like that of man and most other mammals, of only seven vertebrae. The bones are attached to one another with ball and socket joints. These make the neck flexible. It can run at 50 km per hour. Raising from a lying position is a problem for such a large animal. So, it usually keeps standing even while its sleeps.

To reach water with such a long neck and legs, a giraffe spreads its front legs wide apart. Then it lowers its neck to drink. This awkward position makes it easy for the lion to attack it.

- ★ Now on the basis of your reading of the above passage, fill in the blanks with suitable words:

A giraffe is the (a) _____ of all land animals. The height of a (b) _____ giraffe can go upto 18 feet. The © _____ of a female giraffe can be upto 15 feet. With this height it does not have to (d) _____ with other animals for leaves. This enables it to see its (e) _____ from a long distance. It, however, creates problem in reaching (f) _____ in tanks.

- ★ Find words from the above passage that mean opposite to the following:

(I) Dead ---> _____, (ii) Detached ----> _____

(iii) Stiff ----> _____, (iv) Hind ----> _____

(v) Narrow ----> _____.

[LETTER WRITING]

A. I. Write a letter to your friend, describing about the Annual Prize giving Function of your school.

II. Write an application to your Principal of your school requesting him to grant 5 days leave as you have to attend your brother's marriage.

[NOTICE]

B. Your school is going to celebrate the Sports Day in the school premises. As a sports captain, write a notice inviting names of interested students for various games. Mention dates of selection of students. You are Sumit.

[GRAMMAR]

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable "Articles" - "A", "AN", "THE":

(a) She is asking ___ question to you. (b) I found ___ error in your letter. © It is dark, turn on ___ light please. (d) ___ Himalayas are ___ most beautiful mountains in the world. (e) He is ___ scholar and ___ expert in computer too. (f) She is ___ M.A.

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable "Preposition" from the given alternatives :

(I) Today, Anant is sitting _____ Sudhir. (back/ in front of/ to/ over).

(II) He usually travels _____ bus, but today his father dropped him. (with / in / by / between).

(III) There are 450 pages _____ this book. (on / upon / behind / in).

(IV) _____ our city top colleges are there. (Over/ in front of / at / in).

(V) Seeta and Ganga are going _____ market. (at / to / in / between).

[LITERATURE] ::

★ (HONEY SUCKLE): ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Q.1) Peter's favourite day of the week is Sunday because _____

Q.2) Nasir wants to learn _____

Q3.) Explain the meaning of the following lines: (a) "All that you do is match the words/ To the brightest thoughts in your head" ; (b) "But only words can free thought/From its prison behind your eyes".

Q.4) (a) Algu found himself in a tight spot. What was his problem? (b) What was Algu upset over Jumman's nomination as head *Panch* ? (c) What was Jumman's verdict as head *Panch* ? How did Algu take it?

Q.5) (a) Why was the shop called "Lucky Shop"? (b) How many prizes did the boy win? What are they? © Why was Rasheed upset?

Q.6) (a) Who is the speaker in the poem "Vocation"? Who are the people the speaker meets? What are they doing? (b) What wishes does the child in the poem make? Why does the child want to be a hawker, a gardener or a watchman?

Q.7) (a) How do desert animals survive without water? (b) How do mongooses kill snakes? © How does the hump of the camels help them to survive when there is no water?

Q.8) (a) Who is the speaker in the poem "Whatif"? List out the happenings that the speaker is worried about it. Why do you think he has these worries? What are the ways to get rid from these worries? (b) List out some of your personal Whatifs that you have experience in your day to day life.

Q.9) Match the Column A with Column B from the given information provided below:

Sl. No.	COLUMN - A	COLUMN - B
1.	Jumman and Algu were the best friends.	(a) He believed that his friend would never go against him.
2.	Jumman's aunt transferred her property to him	(b) She wanted justice.
3.	The aunt decided to appeal to the panchayat	© In the absence of one, the other took care of his family.
4.	Algu was unwilling to support the aunt	(d) The condition was that he would be responsible for her welfare
5.	Jumman was very happy to hear Algu's name as head Panch	(e) The bond of friendship between him & Jumman was very strong.

★ [SUPPLEMENTARY READER- A PACT WITH SUN]:

Q.10) (a) What is the most obvious advantage of sleep? (b) Define a dream in your own words. Why are dreams important? © Why has sleep been called a wonder?

Q.11) (a) Why was the crocodile's wife annoyed with her husband one day? (b) Why was the crocodile unwilling to invite his friend's home? © How did the monkey save himself?

Q.12) Give the suitable Phrasal Verbs of the given words:

(a) To remain silent ; (b) Unfortunately ; © To take risks ; (d) To take care of ; (e) To end quarrel; (f) In a difficult situation; (g) To feel very disappointed; (h) To accept without protest; (i) To free from worry; (j) To set up; (k) To set aside; (l) To set down; (m) To set out; (n) To be called off.

SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCE

CLASS-VI

1. What is HTML and where is it used?
2. Write the basic structure of HTML?
3. Describe the html tags.
4. What is head tag? Give an example.
5. What is title tag? Give an example.
6. What is body tag? Give an example.
7. What is empty tag? Give an example.
8. What is container tag? Give an example.

Sub: Hindi

1. निम्न शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखें।
दिन, पूरब, पाप, छोटा
2. निम्न प्रत्यय जोड़कर दो - दो शब्द बनाइए।
ई, ईला, ना
3. निम्न शब्दों से वाक्य बनाएं।
दिन - दीन, में, मै
4. पांच विशेषण शब्दों को किताब से छांटकर लिखिए।
5. अपनी पाठ्यपुस्तक के अभ्यास प्रश्न याद करें। तथा निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें।
क. प्रकृति का जादू किसे कहा गया है?

- ख. सुग्रीव और बाली के युद्ध में पहली बार राम बाली को क्यों नहीं मार पाए?
ग. कविता में बच्ची हमेशा छोटी क्यों रहना चाहती है?
घ. हेलेन केलर प्रकृति के चीजों को कैसे पहचानती थी?
ड. सीता को खोज में लिए कौन कौन से लोग शामिल हुए?
च. झांसी की रानी कविता की आठ पंक्तियां लिखें। तथा उनका चित्र बनाए ।
6. शीत कालीन अवकाश के ऊपर अनुच्छेद लिखिए ।
7. अपने जन्मदिन पर मित्र को बुलाने के लिए पत्र लिखें।

SCIENCE

CHAPTERS---9, 10,11,12,13

Q1. WRITE DOWN THE CHARACTERS OF THE FOLLOWING ORGANISMS

- a) Camel,
- b) Rohu Fish
- c) Cactus
- d) Lotus
- e) Pigeon

Q2. WHAT DO YOU UNDERSTAND BY THE TERM ACCLIMATISATION?

Q3. WHAT IS MEANT BY STANDARD UNITS OF MEASUREMENT? WHAT IS ITS SIGNIFICANCE?

Q4. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN RADHA'S HOME AND HER SCHOOL IS 5320 mtr. EXPRESS THIS DISTANCE INTO KILOMETER.

Q5. EXPLAIN WITH THE HELP OF SIMPLE DIAGRAM THAT LIGHT TRAVELS IN STRAIGHT LINE.

Q6. WHAT DO YOU UNDERSTAND BY ECLIPSE? DRAW A SIMPLE DIAGRAM OF LUNAR ECLIPSE.

Q7. WHY ARE THE HANDLES OF THE TOOLS USED BY ELECTRICIANS COVERED WITH PLASTICS OR RUBBER.

Q8. READ AND FIND OUT ABOUT ALESSANDRO VOLTA WHO INVENTED THE ELECTRIC CELL AND THOMAS ALVA EDISON WHO INVENTED ELECTRIC BULB. WRITE SHORT NOTES.

Q9. WHAT IS A MAGNET? DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN MAGNETIC AND NON MAGNETIC AND NON MAGNETIC SUBSTANCES GIVING EXAMPLES.

Q10. WHAT IS A MAGNETIC COMPASS? HOW IS THIS USED TO FIND DIRECTIONS?

MATHEMATICS HOLIDAY WORK (CLASS-6)

1. Meera went to a park 150m long and 80m wide. She took one complete round on its boundary. What is the distance covered by her?
2. How many tiles whose length breadth are 12cm and 5cm respectively will be needed to fuit in a rectangular region whose length and breadth are respectively:
a) 100cm and 144cm b) 70cm and 36cm
3. The length of a rectangular hall is 4 meters less than 3 times the breadth of the hall. What is the length if the breadth is b meters?
4. Give expressions in the following cases.
 - 11 added to $2m$
 - 11 subtracted from $2m$
 - 5 times y to which 3 is added

 - y is multiplied by -5 and the result is added to 16
5. Distances travelled by Hamid and akhtar in an hour arte 9km and 12km. Find the the ratio of speed of Hamid to the speed of Akhtar.
6. A car travels 90km in 2 and a half hours.
 - a)How much time is required to cover 30km with the same speed?
 - b)Find the distance covered in 2 hours with the same speed.
7. Write 8 formulae of of mensuration.
8. Draw angle POQ of measure 75 degree and find its line of symmetry.
9. Draw a circle of radius 3.2cm
10. If the cost of 6 cans of juice is Rs.210,then what will be the cost of 4 cans of juice?